

An agent-based model of travel demand of all of Switzerland

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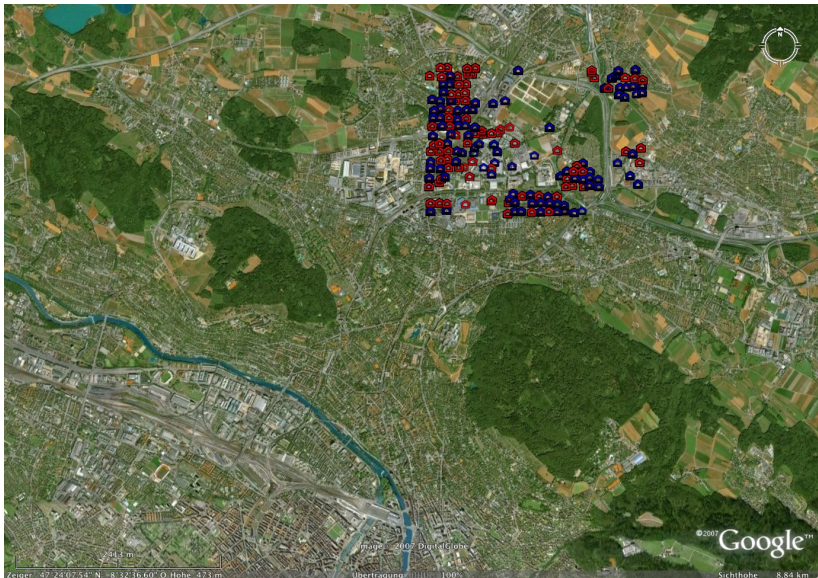
STRC

Swiss Transport Research Conference

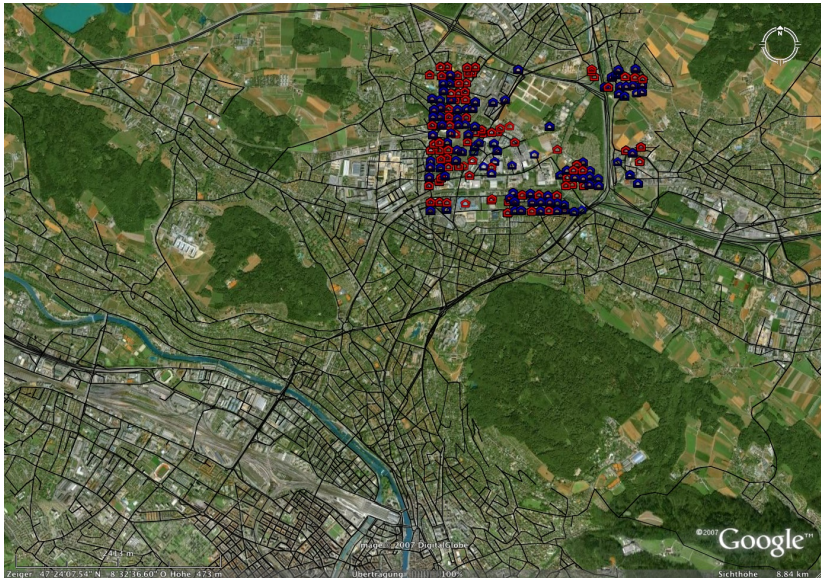
Exchanging ideas for transport

12 - 14 September 2007, Monte Verità

Synthetic agent population



Model of street network



Activity plan



Share of car mode

Legend

mode: car share

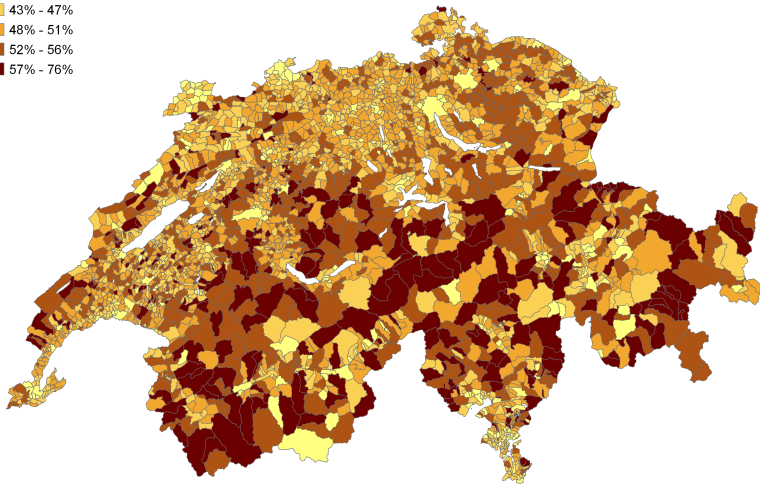
25% - 42%

43% - 47%

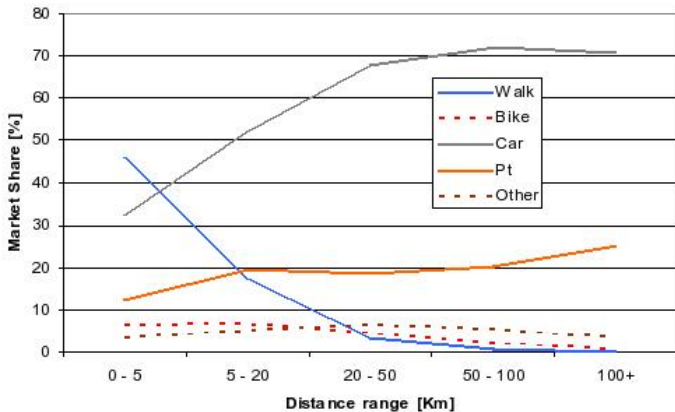
48% - 51%

52% - 56%

57% - 76%

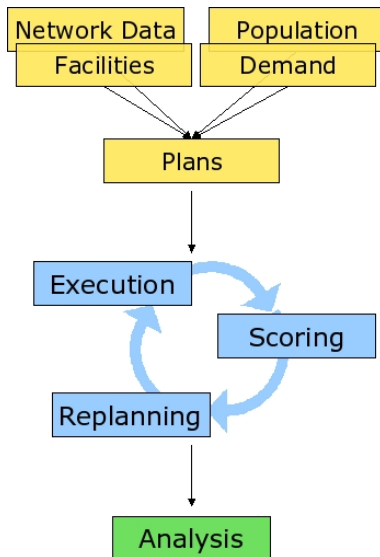


Market share vs. distance



Simulation steps

- Preparation of input data
 - Network data
 - Facilities
 - Population
 - Initial demand
- Plan generation
- Plan execution by traffic flow simulation
- Scoring of plans, re-planning and re-execution
- Analysis of simulation results



Scoring function

Total score of a plan:

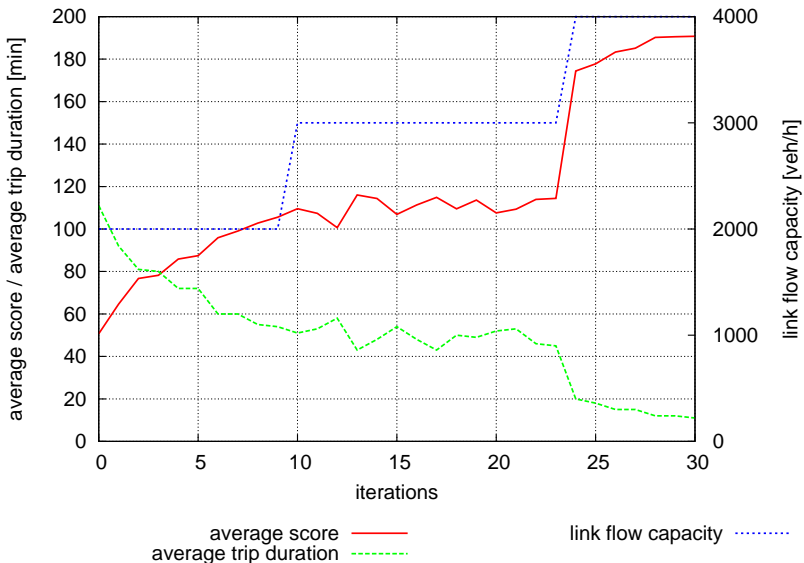
$$U_{total} = \sum_{i=1}^n U_{perf,i} + \sum_{i=1}^n U_{late,i} \sum_{i=1}^n U_{travel,i}$$

where

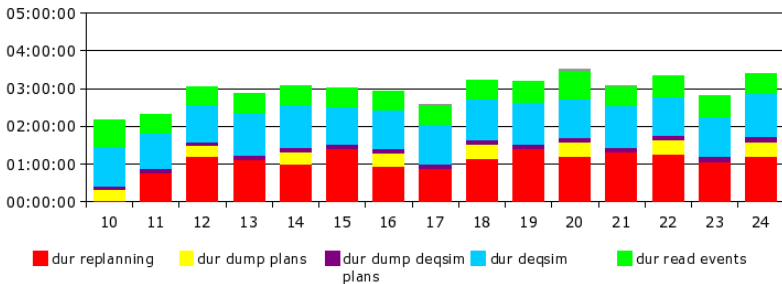
- n - number of activities
- $U_{perf,i}$ - utility of performing activity i
- $U_{late,i}$ - utility of arriving late at activity i
- $U_{travel,i}$ - utility of travelling to activity i

for details see Charypar and Nagel (2005)

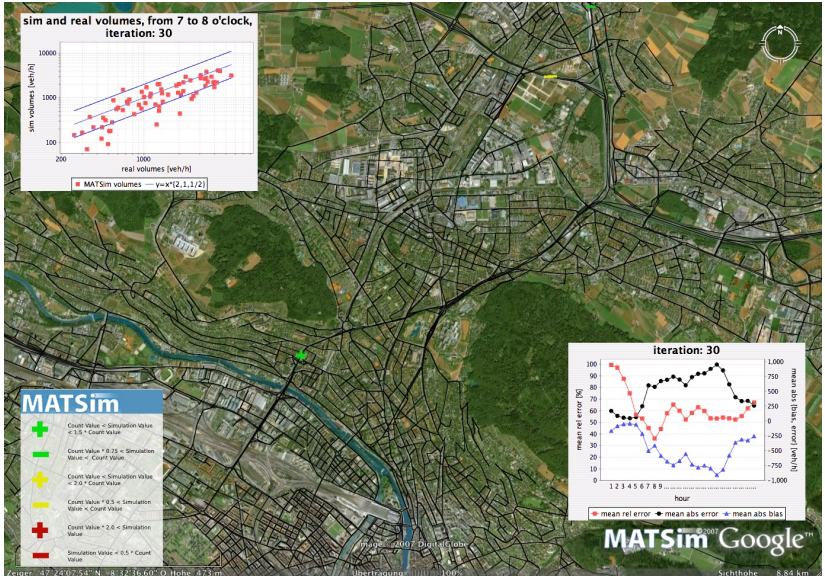
System relaxation



Run times



Counting stations



Thank you!

<http://www.matsim.org>

Charypar, D. and K. Nagel (2005) Generating complete all-day activity plans with genetic algorithms, *Transportation*, **32** (4) 369–397.